

White Paper

Closing the Skills Gap in Engineering Education: A Multidimensional Perspective

David Pistrui, Derrell Kleinke, Shuvra Das, and Rochelle Mick Automation Alley Research & Development January 25, 2021



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Authors:

Dr. David Pistrui (University of Detroit Mercy and Automation Alley R&D),

Dr. Darrell Kleinke (University of Detroit Mercy and Automation Alley R&D),

Dr. Shuvra Das (University of Detroit Mercy and Automation Alley R&D),

Ms. Rochelle Mick (Automation Alley R&D)

Contracted by:

Mr. Tom Kelly, CEO Automation Alley Research & Development Division 2675 Bellingham Rd, Troy, MI 48083

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Executive Summary

This research was commissioned by Automation Alley's Research and Development Division at the request of Autodesk, Inc. Several objectives were achieved by this work:

- 1) Developed a comprehensive understanding of the mechanical engineering and technology talent pipeline involving two- and four-year academic institutions.
- 2) Provided data-driven insights that can be used by technology providers to create strategies and tactics.
- Examined the supply and demand dynamics that are shaping two- and four-year mechanical engineering and mechanical technology educational institutions.
- 4) Identified areas of opportunity for strengthening collaboration between technology providers and educational institutions.
- 5) Enumerated recommendations that technology providers, educators, and makers can use to drive strategies and tactics.

The report provides evidence that the mechanical engineering and technology talent pipeline is failing to provide sufficient quantities of Industry 4.0 workers. In addition, recent graduates of two-year and four-year programs lack the necessary training in professional skills, such as the ability to collaborate and effectively formulate problem statements. The need to change academic programs and to provide reskilling programs for the

existing workforce has become ever more urgent. Reliable data collection instruments are essential to quantify the efforts to improve the Industry 4.0 talent pipeline.

The data insights show that significant generational differences are clearly evident in terms of behaviors, motivations, and competencies. The report provides data on three critical populations in the talent pipeline: 1) next-generation engineering students; 2) next-generation skilled tradespeople; and 3) next-generation engineering leaders. The data show that differences between the generations are having profound, negative impacts. Academic programs that worked for a past generation are no longer effective, and in some cases the data shows a worsening of important soft skills. To address this problem, an insightful approach is to consider academia as a classic supply and demand ecosystem.

Academic supply and demand dynamics are being disrupted by many challenges. On the academic supply side, confusing messages are being conveyed to a shrinking pool of prospects. Inside academic programs, Industry 4.0 technology breakthroughs are outpacing academia's ability to change. On the exit side, STEM graduates and newly minted two-year technicians are frustrated by the lack of academic progress when they realize they are not prepared to immediately contribute to their new employers. With entrepreneurial thinking, these problems become opportunities.

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Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	7
Background Literature Review	8
THE NATURE OF THE CHALLENGE: THE SKILLS GAP IS WIDENING	12
The skills gap is widening as Industry 4.0 technology change outpaces academia's ability to react.	28
The skills gap is widening due to disruptive events (Coronavirus pandemic)	32
THE NATURE OF THE CHALLENGE: THE SKILLS GAP IS A MULTIDIMENSIONAL CHALLENGE FOR 2-YEAR	34
AND 4-YEAR EDUCATORS	
Supply side challenge: Efforts to recruit future workers are scattered, unfocused, and inefficient.	35
Educators challenge: Integrating employer's needs into curricula is met with internal and external resistance.	38
Demand side challenge: The output of human capital lags behind industry's needs for capacity and competency. System level challenge: The social ecosystem is dramatically widening the gap.	40 40
AREAS OF OPPORTUNITY: CLOSING THE SKILLS GAP	42
Supply side opportunities: Increase and optimize efforts to recruit future workers, both domestic and international	42
Opportunity 1: Support Play/Active Learning for Adults and Youth (PLAY)	42
Opportunity 2: Deliver effective narratives – Promote, Retain, Inspire, Mentor, and Encourage future workers (PRIME)	46
Educator's opportunities: Rapidly integrate employer's needs into the curricula used to educate qualified workers.	50
Opportunity 3: Utilize academic/technology-provider partnerships to create curricula that are relevant, attention grabbing, and critically assessed by real-world standards.	50
Opportunity 4: Provide portable credentials (two- and four-year) that align with employer's Industry 4.0 needs, but are also affordable and accessible for lifelong learners/workers.	51
Demand-side opportunities: Investing in future workers, domestic and international	53
Opportunity 5: Deliver workers (from two- and four-year institutions) who immediately add value to their employers.	53
Opportunity 6: Deliver workers (from two- and four-year institutions) who are qualified in advanced digital technologies.	54
System-Level opportunities: Addressing societal issues and promoting cross-sector collaboration.	54
Opportunity 7: Address the social determinants of work, now.	54
Opportunity 8: Promote cross-sector collaboration with other disciplines.	55
Opportunity 9: Stay engaged in a meaningful way for the long term.	55
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	56
REFERENCES	58

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